

$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

Name: _____

For each of the following quadratic equations:

(a) Convert to the turning point form:

$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

(b) State the turning point if this equation was graphed.

(c) State the y -intercept.

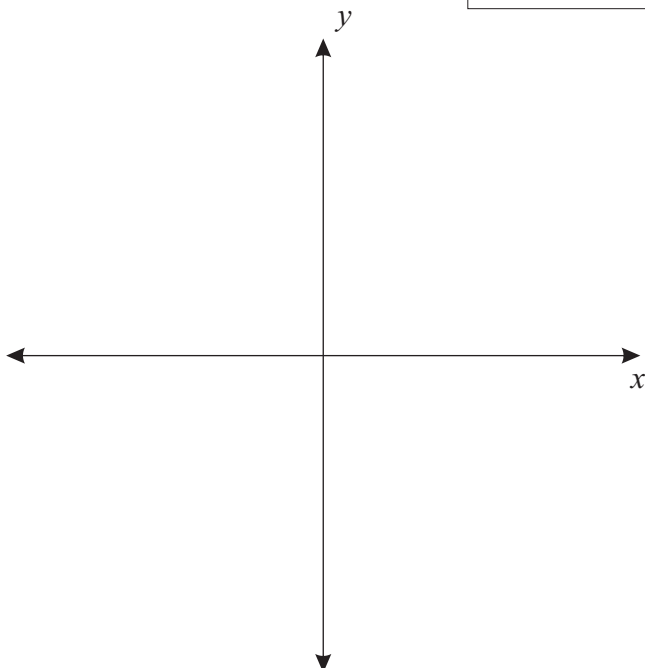
(d) Sketch the graph showing the turning point and y -intercept.

1. $y = x^2 - 6x + 14$

turning point form

turning point

y -intercept



2. $y = -2x^2 - 6x - 8$

turning point form

turning point

y -intercept

